## LEAF SAP SAMPLING GUIDE Wheat



## Keep in mind!

- Avoid outer rows and first 20 feet of a row.
- Sample leaves with average leaf quality. Sample areas of abnormal growth separately.
- Sample consistently; sunny side of plant, avoid extreme weather etc.
- If leaves are wet at sampling lightly pat dry before shipping (moisture influences results).
- Sap Analysis data works best when used in progression. The more samples the better crop nutrient uptake can be illustrated and understood.
- Note fertilizer and irrigation times and application rates if possible.
- Sample either before or 3+ days after fertilizer/pesticides have been applied.
- New leaf = newest yet fully developed leaf, Old leaf = oldest yet still viable leaf.

## Sampling Instructions

Sample Time: Sample in the morning before 11 a.m. and temperatures less than 80 °F to ensure adequate leaf tension and moisture. Avoid sampling in the rain. Store samples in cooler.

Sample Size: Collect 80+ grams each of both new (young) and old leaves for a collected total of 160+ grams per sample set. Bag new and old leaves separately in quart sized zip lock bags labeled New and Old.

<u>Initial Sampling</u>: Feekes 2-3. New leaf only. Cut blades approx. 2 inches from base of plant. Place in zip lock bag labeled NEW.

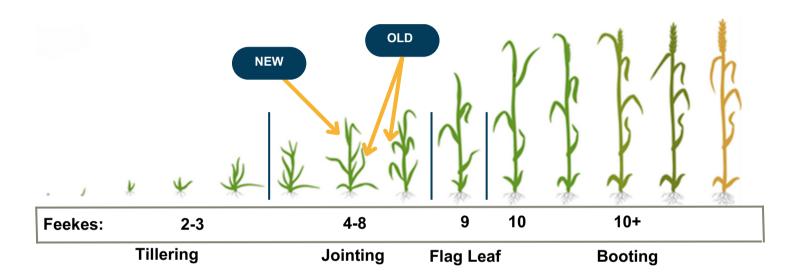
Second Sample: Feekes 4-5. New and Old leaf set. Sample new and old leaves and bag in separate zip lock bags labeled NEW and OLD.

Third Sample: Feekes 7-9. NEW and OLD leaf set as described in second sampling.

\*\*Do not mix varieties when sampling as this may cause variation in analyses\*\*

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Keep samples cool. Ship overnight or 2-day on M/T/W (morning arrival time) with ice packs. Samples should not come into direct contact with ice packs. Let air out of bags before shipping.

All samples must be accompanied by a fully completed Sample Submission Form. Fillable version available on our website www.newagelaboratories.com.